A meeting of the executive committee of the Nati nal Association of Insurance Commissioners, which is composed of representatives from the department of insurance in each Sta e in the Union, has been called for next Thursday at the Hoffman House in this city o consider the Equitable situation. The Insurance deartments of outside States, it was said, will probably be guided in deciding whether or not to intervene by the conclusions reached by the executive committee.

The meeting was called by the unanimous onsent of the committee. Two members, R. E. Folk of Tennessee, a brother of Gov. Folk of Missouri, and Henry R. Prewitt of Kentucky, are now in town arranging for the coming meeting. They arrived yesterday. They had conferences with Deputy Superintendent Hunter, who is conducting the investigation for the New York State department, and with President James W. Alexande.

At the Hoffman House last night Com-missioner Folk spoke freely of the plans for the meeting. He said that he had called on Mr. Hunter with Commissioner Prewitt with the idea of learning definitely what the insurance department of this State had accomplished. Mr. Hunter, he said, assured them that the investigation by Supt. Hendricks's department will be thorough, searching and exhaustive."

The two committeemen made their call on President Alexander late in the afternoon. They told Mr. Alexander that policyholders in their States were insisting upon first-hand information as to the exact status of the society's affairs President Alexander, the committeemen said, told them that he would be very glad to assist them in any way that he could. Neither of the committeemen asked permission of the society's president to make any sort of an

While they were in the Equitable Bullding the committeemen called also at Mr. Hyde's office, but he had gone for the day. Later they received word from Mr. Hyde that he would be glad to see them at 10:30

o'clock this morning.

The president of the national asso cistion's executive committee is C. L. Cutting, Commissioner of Massachusetts. The other members of the committee are John C. Lennihan of New Hampshire, Zeno M. Host of Wisconsin and H. B. Appleton, second deputy superintendent of New York. Most of the members are expected to be in town to-day.

Two affidavits made by President James W. Alexander had been filed with Justice Maddox in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn if answer to allegations made by Mr. Hyde in his petition for permission to intervene

in the Lord suit. In these affidavits Mr. Alexander answers the charges of disloyalty made by Mr. Byde in regard to the former's service as a ryste in regard to the former's solvents as a trustee of the Hyde stock and also other allegations reflecting upon Mr. Alexander as an officer of the society. Mr. Alexander contends that the most of these allegations are wholly immaterial to the question at issue in the suit and that the only force or effect thereof is to drag into the litigation

effect thereof is to drag into the litigation "a real or imaginary controversy between myself as an officer of the society and Mr. Hyde as an officer of the society."

Mr. Alexander says that he does not admit the truth of the statement made by Mr. Hyde in his address to the board of directors in February, which is reproduced in Mr. Hyde's petition. "On the contrary," says Mr. Alexander, "I assert that in many respects they are absolutely contrary to the truth."

"The suggestion," says he, "that I have

The suggestion," says he, "that I have in any way been derelict in my duties as trustee by reason of having favored a mutualization of the company is a wholly fanciful one. I have cast no vote as a member of the board of directors which has not been concurred in by Mr. Hyde himself. So far as concerns the effect of mutualization upon the stock, my duties as trustee in no respect require me to protect the interests of the stockholders as such, the duties of the trustees as such being confined to the voting for directors and collecting dividends by proxy and

attorney."
Mr. Hyde, Bresident Alexander says, is now 28 years old and claims to be a "man of ability and fully competent to manage his own affairs. " " My duty to the society, as its president, is paramount to any theoretical or fanciful duty that I may be supposed to owe to Mr. James Hazen Hyde since he has attained the age of 21 years."

"The allegation in the affidavit of Mr. Hyde," says the Equitable president, "that

lyde," says the Equitable president, "that ince the beginning of this action Mr. Tar-ell and myself have, in violation of any agreement or of any pledges, renewed any agitation to take away from the stock the right reserved to it by an alleged agree-ment of all the parties is absolutely false." Mr. Alexander says that counsel for the society has at his request done everything possible since the amended charter was adopted by the Equitable's board of directors to procure the approval of the State Superintendent of Insurance and that he has exerted every other effort possible to bring about the successful culmination has exerted every other effort possible to bring about the successful culmination of the mutualization plan. But Mr. Hyde, he says, "appears before the court in the attitude of antagonizing the approval of the amended charter as it has been adopted."

Frank H. Platt, counsel for the policyhold r'committee, issued a statement regarding Mr. Hyde's representations in his amended petition. Nothing, says Mr. Platt, could be more disingenuous or deceptive.

"The statements in the petition," he declares, "constitute merely another attempt to deceive the policyholders into the benefithat Mr. Hyde is willing to concece something substantial to them.

something substantial to them.

"Mr. Hyde pretends in the amended petition that as owner of the majority of the stock he is willing to have the two year pan go into effect, but he nevertheless maists that it can be done only by a vote of three-fifths of the stock, which vote he well move convert he obtained.

knows cannot be obtained.
"This subterfuge is characteristic and ought to be understood by every policy-

In reference to Mr. Hyde's proposal that transfer his stock to trustee for a term of years with power to vote for twentyeight directors selected by the policyholders
subject to "the arrangement of details."
Mr. Plat called attention to the fact that
one of the terms which he, Mr. Hyde, does
not mention is as to how the policyholders'
directors are to be named.

rs are to be named. Hyde, "says Mr. Platt, "will be willig of the reservation in his last offer "I do not think," says Mr. Platt, "that this petition is seriously intended to affect Justice Maddox, who is too experienced and ast to to be deceived by such a paper.

dgment the petition was drawn r publication than for genuine Positive reports were circulated yesterday that President Alexander had been asked to resign by the Frick committee. This was emphatically denied by Mr. Alexander, who said that he had no intention of resigning. Other directors of the society also denied the report, and it was said for Gage E. Tarbell also that he had heard nothing off environments.

resterday that a suit contempisted by the Hyde faction for some time to out President Alexander from his trusteeebip of the Hyde stock would be brought in a few days. Petitions for intervention in the suit of Col. Brown against the Equitable were filed yesterday by three Philadelphia policyholders. They are Dr. Edward E. Montgomery, who holds policies amounting to \$35,500, and Howard B. Arrison, whose policy amounts to \$2,000. Battle & Marshall, attorneys for the plaintiffs, gave out the following statement yesterday:

"These interventions are typical of the movement which has been started in this suit. Further petitions of intervention, as we are informed, are being prepared in various parts of the country and forwarded for filing. We invite intervention in this suit by policyholders through their own counsel, provided they approve of the objects of the suit, which are, first, to secure a division of the surplus, and second, as the case develops, to compel the accounting to the society by the directors and other officers of the private profis which have been made by the administration of the funds of the society. It is the intention to start suits for the latter purpose as facts develop."

Justice bischoff in the Supreme Court yesterday denied A. Edward Woodruff's

pose as facts develop."

Justice Bischoff in the Supreme Court yesterday denied A. Edward Woodruff's application for an order for the examination of James H. Hyde, James W. Alexander and Gage E. Tarbell in connection with his action to restrain the officers and directors of the society from carrying into effect the provisions of the proposed amended charter. Justice Bischoff declined to sign the order on the ground that notice had not been given to the defendants. Woodruff will renew his application.

Case Against Equitable Fizzles Out. Madison, Wis., May 2 .- The State Sureme Court to-day denied a rehearing in the case of State Insurance Commissioner Host against the Equitable Life Assurance Society. This ends the case in Wisconsin.

PITCHED BATTLE WITH STONES. Feud of East 24th St. Stable Boys Comes

to a Head With Disaster to Windows. The battle between the Cuban Cyclones. commanded by fifteen-year-old Gustave Delamar, late of Havana, and the British Battery, led by Lewis Jailer, 14 years old, recently of London, raged in East Twentyfourth street between Lexington and Third avenues yesterday afternoon until repeated volleys of stones had punctured most of the windows in the block and made bullseyes of passing people. Then Policeman Heisterhagen of the East Twenty-second street station swooped down upon the contending armies, captured the leaders and also Major-General Sharkey, aide de camp on the staff of the Cuban leader.

Hostilities between the boys employed in the numerous sales stables in the neighborhood had been improved in a star of the cuban leader.

hood had been impending ever since young Delamar made his appearance and voiced his Delamar made his appearance and voiced his sentiments regarding kings and the subjects of kings. Jailer took up the fight for royalty and soon enlisted the sympathies of all the stable boys whose parents were immigrants. He had adherents of many nationalities, but they were all scrappy. All the American youths and those of Irish descent flocked to Delamar's standard. The battle with stones and clubs was broken up by the police before any of the combatants were killed or badly wounded. The three prisoners were consigned to the gentle care of the Gerry society.

HE'LL PROBABLY SEE HER AGAIN. Woman Said He Wouldn't When She Jumped

Into River-No One Knows Who He Is. While the ferryboat St. Louis of the Pennsylvania line was in midstream on her way from Jersey City to Twenty-third street on her half past 7 trip last evening Mis. Edith Daly, 24 years old, of 105 Bloomfield street, Hoboken, ran from the woman's cabin and crying, "He'll never see me again," leaped into the river. Capt. Jeff Fowler of the St. Louis stopped his engines, but before any effort could be made to rescue the woman from the ferry boat the tug Shamrock ran alongside and a member of the crew deftly caught the woman's dress with a boathook and hauled her aboard.

After the tug's crew had applied first aid After the tug's crew had applied her aid methods the woman was transferred to the St. Louis and taken to the Twenty-third street landing, where she was placed under arrest and taken to Bellevus. Mrs. Daly would give no explanation of her attempt at suicide further than to say that although married she did not live with her husband married she did not live with her husband. She said that she was not referring to him when she spoke of some one not seeing her again.

Mrs. Daly is the wife of John Daly, a Mrs. Daly is the wife of John Daly, a Lehigh Valley tugboat captain, from whom she separated two years ago. She lived with her mother and father. She left home two lays ago after a quarrel with her people and did not say where she was going. It was presumed that she intended to go to Toms River, where she recently said she cand account a registron as a housekeeper. ould secure a position as a housekeeper.

NEW HARRIMAN LINE. System in Western Mexico to Connect With

Southern Pacific. MEXICO CITY, May 2 .- Further particulars of the plans of E. H. Harriman and associates for the construction of a system of railroads in western Mexico to connect with the main line of the Southern Pacific in Arizona have been made public

which the Mexican Government has just granted to Thomas McManus, representing the Harriman interests, a new railroad is to be built from the port of Gusyamas, on the Gulf of California, north to the Arizona border and southeasterly to the port of Topolo: ampo, touching at the port of Ag isbampo.

of Topolo ampo, touching at the port of Ag iabampo.

The concession was obtained in the name of the Cananea, Yaqui River and Pacific Railroad Company, which is a Southern Pacific property. Capt. L. W. Mix, who has been instrumental in securing the concession, is authority for the statement that engineers will be placed at work immediately on that portion of the line out of Guayamas. The railroad in whose name the concession has been granted is but forty-two miles long, extending from Naco on the northerly boundary of Mexico to Cananea.

SUIT AGAINST LAWSON FAILS. Taken From Jury-1 rror in Declaration of the Plaintiffs.

BOSTON, May 2.-Because of an error the declaration of the plaintiffs the suit of Paul Fuller and F. W. Coudert of New York against Thomas W. Lawson to recover \$225,000 alleged to be due on a subscription to stock of the Kern Incandescent Gaslight Company was taken from the jury this

afternoon.

The declaration was based on the assumption that the subscription paper signed by Mr. Lawson contained the stipulation that the subscriptions to the stock of the that the subscriptions to the stock of the corporation should reach the amount of \$3,250,000 before Mr. Lawson's subscription became binding. When Attorney E. W. Burdett, who appeared for the plaintiffs, received the original paper signed by the defendant, however, he discovered that the amount named in it was only \$3,000,000.

HANGED AND DROWNED HIMSELF Up-State Farmer Tied Rope About His

Waist and Dropped Into a Well. AMSTERDAM, N. Y., May 2 .- Jacob Houck, a well to do farmer residing in the town of Florida, about two miles from this city, committed suicide this morning by hanging himself in a well on his farm.

Houck knotted a rope about his waist said for Gage E. Tarbell also that he had heard nothing off any suggestion that he vacate his office. It was learned that the Frick committee had, as reported in THE SUN some time ago, approached both President Alexander and Vice-President Hyde several weeks ago in a friendly spirit in regard to resigning for the good of the society, but both told the committee that they would not consider such a course.

Intimations came from Hyde sources

Houck knotted a rope about his waist and tied the other end to a stringer of a deep well. He then lowered himself until his head was fully three feet under water. An hour later he was pulled out dead.

A year ago last September Houck, who had been in a deranged state of mind as a result of brooding over imaginary financial losses, attempted to end his life by hanging himself in his home. He was 78 years old.

PASS P. R. R. BILLS OVER VETO.

STATE SENATE ACTS AS MAYOR WAS TOLD IT WOULD.

Grady Issues Warning That Rapid Transit Building Will Be Checked-Brackett the Only Republican With McClettan -Assembly Passes Other P. R. S. Bills.

ALBANY, May 2.- The State Senate topassed over Mayor McClellan's veto the three bil.s introduced by Senator Elsberg at the instigation of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which transfer from the New York city Board of Aldermen to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment power to grant public franchises in New

Senator Grady issued a warning that if these bills were passed the Board of Estimate and Apportionment would not grant any f. anchises, but would, under the opinion of Judge John F. Dillon, test the constitutionality of these acts in the courts. Future rapid transit construction in New York city would be stopped, he declared, until the principles laid down in Judge Dillon's opinion to Mayor McClellan became aw through the decisions of the courts.

"Every one knows the power that the Pennsylvania Railroad exerts in Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and now it has reached out and grasped the New York State Legislature," he said. "The Pennsylvania Railroad passed these Elsberg oills at Albany. When Mayor McClellan refused to approve of them he was threatened by Edward M. Shepard, the counsel for the company, that the bills would be for the company, that the bills would be passed over his veto, and to-day the Pennsylvania Haliroad is making good. You get their campaign contribution and they get the eunconstitutional laws."

Senator Elsberg said that the Board of Estimate and Apportionment could be compelled by mandamus to act upon a franchise application in case it long refused to do so. Senator Grady pooh-poohed the suggestion.

Suggestion.

Senator Brackett, although he voted for the bills originally, said he could not vote to override Mayor McClellan's veto. He declared the principle in the bills to be wrong and said that the good name of Senator Elsberg had been used in connection with the bills in order to help along bad measures. Senator Brackett deprecated the efforts of the Republican legislative leaders to put Mayor McClellan in a hole on this and other measures, and declared that in his opinion Mayor McClellan had come out a winner in every instance where such efforts had been tried.

The bills were then passed over Mayor McClellan's veto by a party vote of 33 to 15, Senator Brackett being the only Republican to vote with the Democrats.

Senator McCarren voted to sustain Mayor McClellan's veto, though he voted for the passage of the bills originally.

After a hard fight the Assembly passed Senator Rainee's two bills in the interest of the Pennsylvania Railroad. They extend for five years the time anowed the New York Connecting Railroad to build its bridge over the East River at Hell Gate and its railroad on that bridge. Speaker Nixon and Majority Leader Rogers took charge of the bills, and the first one was passed by a vote of 82 to 43 and the second 85 to 48.

The charge was again made that the ator Brackett, although he voted for

85 to 49.

The charge was again made that the Pennsylvania Railroad had entered into a deal to help the Republican party to elect its ticket in the New York city municipal campaign next fall. The Tammany members were solidly opposed to the bill.

Minority Leader Palmer raised the point that a two-thirds yets was necessary to han a two-thirds vote was necessary to pass the bills. He said that when the State gave away a franchise which is considered real estate, and taxed as such now, it was giving away property of the State. Speaker Nixon held otherwise.

HOOKER WILL FIGHT IT OUT. Friends of the Justice Say He Hopes for

Acquittal by the Legislature. FREDONIA, N. Y., May 2.-Justice Hooker received the notice of the unfavorable report of the legislative investigating committee at the banquet given here last night in honor of ex-Secretary of State John T. McDonough, at which the Judge was a guest of honor. He was called from the room by a message and did not return. His friends state that the result of the

committee's action had been foreseen and that its unfavorable character, while a severe blow to the Judge, in no wise shakes his confidence in ultimate acquittal at the hands of the Legislature. Justice Hooker, his friends say, will push

his defense in a much stronger and more formal manner at the final appeal to the Legislature, and will take the active part

of a man accused and on trial.

A. N. Colburn, Hooker's original enemy in Fredonia, and still one of his strongest opponents, stated yesterday that he setil thought the Legislature has no right to

thought the Legislature has no right to act in this case.

STRACUSE, N. Y., May 2.—William P., Goodelle, who was retained by the State Bar Association to prosecute Justice Warren B. Hooker, to-day gave out an interview as to the protaile future proceedings in the case. He will go to Altany Thursday for a conference.

Mr. Goodelle said that no formal proceedings had yet been taken under Section ceedings had yet been taken under Section 11 of Article Vk of the Constitution. Had charges been formally preferred at first then the Judiciary committee of the Assem-bly would have taken evidence and acted.

As it is the report may be considered as formal charges. Mr. Goodelle said:

"Justice Hooker, after formal charges have been preferred is entitled to a hearing and if he demands it the evidence we have to be taken all over again. The removal must be by concurrent vote of two-thirds of all the members of each house of the Legislature. The Judiciary Com-mittee of each house may hear the evidence

TO PROTECT SECRET ORDERS. Governor Signs Bill Imposing Penalty on These Defrauding Them.

and each report its findings to its respective

ALBANY, May 2 .- Gov. Higgins to-day signed an important measure designed to protect secret fraternities from the unauthorized conferring of their degrees and the solicitation by unauthorized persons-of applicants for degrees, secrets or membership in such fraternities

The bill amends the penal code and was introduced by Mr. Santee. It provides that "any person who wilfully, by aid of any false token or writing, or other false pretense or statement, or without the authority of the grand lodge of the order, authority of the grand lodge of the order, obtains the signature of any person to any written application, or any money or property for any alleged or pretended degree, secret work or secrets of, or membership in, any secret fraternal society having a grand lodge in this State, or in any subordinate lodge or body thereof, is subject to a penalty of imprisonment of not more than three years or by a fine to an amount not exceeding the value of the money or property so obtained, or by both."

The act takes effect Sept. 1, 1905. The act tales effect Sept. 1, 1905.
The Governor has signed Senator Hill's bill imposing the costs of inspection and licenses on owners of vessels subject to inspection by the State inspectors of inland navigation. He has also signed the bill of Senator Brackett removing the limitation of value of property which the State Land Board may release to rightful heirs the present law limiting the board's power of release and thus giving excuse for the passage of a large number of escheat bills and the second of the passage of a large number of escheat bills.

Gov. Higgins to Take a Rest.

ALBANY, May 2 .- Gov. Higgins said tonight that he expected to leave here Friday night for Cambridge Springs Pa., and that it was really necessary for his health that he should go. He expects to return within ten days. W.&J.SLOANE

Best Imported and Domestic

# Wilton Carpets

200 Rolls at \$2.00 per Yard

Regular price \$3.00 per yard

**BROADWAY & 19th STREET** 

NIAGARA POWER BILL SET BACK. Defeated in Senate, but Vote Reconsidered

-Higgins Hasn't Approved It. ALBANY, May 2 .- Senator Cassidy's bill, enabling electrical power transmission companies to avail themselves of the condemnation law the same as railroad, telegraph and telephone companies in constructing lines across the State from its power plant, was defeated on final passage in the Senate to-day by just two votes.

This is the celebrated L'Hommedieu-Leggett-Cassidy measure introduced in the interests of the Niagara, Lockport

and Ontario Power Company. The bill is along the lines of the bill which passed the last Legislature and which the Governor refused to sign. It was insisted in the debate that the bill would give a perpetual franchise for nothing and that it would ruin the Falls. Amendments were offered to provide that

no corporation operating under the pro-visions of the bill should take water out of the Magara River, that no company

visions of the bill should take water out of the Niagara River, that no company should enter any locality without the consent of the local authorities and that in any event it should not operate in New York. All of these amendments were defeated by substantial votes and the friends of the bill felt jubilant.

But when the bill came up on final passage it was found there were but 24 votes for it to 19 against it. It requires 25 votes to pass it. A half dozen Senators who had promised to vote for the bill had dodged or left the Capitol. Then quick as a fiash a motion was put and carried to reconsider the vote by which the bill had been lost. This leaves the bill still on the order of third reading ready for passage at any time.

The Leggett Niagara power bill is in the committee last week until enough votes could be secured to pass it. It had never been pressed for passage in the House.

The attention of the Governor was directed to reports that were current among legislators that he favored the enactment of the amended Cassidy bill and that legislators were openly announcing that they were in favor of the bill because it had been suppritted to the Governor and met with his

lators were openly announcing that they were in favor of the bill because it had been submitted to the Governor and met with his

"The bill has not been submitted to the Governor. The Governor will see it when it comes to him," he concluded significantly. BIGGER RAILROAD COMMISSION.

Bill Making Membership Five Passes Senate and Will Probably Become Law. ALBANY, May 2.-The Senate to-day passed senator Tully's bill increasing the membership of the State Railroad Commission from three to five. The prote was 29 to 12, Senator Hawkins voting with the Republicans for the bill and Senators Brown, Hinman and McEwan against it with the Democrats.

This till has been lying dormant for ten weeks and its unexpected passage by the Senate to-day is taken to mean that George W. Aldridge has been promised that either the Tully bill or the Stevens St te Public Service Commission bill shall pass both branches of the Legislature.

The Assembly Rules Committee to-night reported the Tully bill for passage in the Assembly to-morrow. The friends of the measure say its passage through the Assembly is sure.

Pensions for City Civil Service Men. ALBANY, May 2 .- The Assembly concurred in the Senate amendments to Assemblyman Yale's bill creating a pension fund for the New York city civil service em-ployees and the bill now goes to Mayor McClellan for his action. The bill has been amended so that the civil service employees will not share in any of the benefits from the excise law funds.

LECTURED, SHE TOOK POISON. Woman Suffered 12 Days After Swallowing Bichleride of Mercury.

ST. Louis, May 2.-It developed at the Coroner's inquest to-day that the death last night of Mrs. Emily O Carr, wife of Robert C. Carr, a society man, was due to poison taken nearly two weeks ago at the

poison taken nearly two weeks ago at the St. James Hotel with suicidal ir tert.

The day before she sought to end her life the vowng woman was celled before Chief of Police Kiely and lectured, because, it is alleged, she had annoyed her grandmother, a Mrs. Robinson, living at Springfild, Mo., by smiling telegrams for morey. Chief Kiely says that a friend of the family requested him to take the matter up with the young woman. The young woman told about being in strettered circumstances. Chief Kiely talked to her, he save, as a father might have done, and she left his office promising she would send no more telegrams. more telegrams.

Mrs. Carr took bichloride of mercury tablets in the room at the St. James Hotel occupied by her and her husband. She was removed to the hospital, where she died after suffering twelve days.

COW FRIGHTENED BY AUTO. She Causes Injuries to Several Persons and

Breaks a Girl's Leg. A cow frenzied with fear knocked down everal persons and tossed a little girl, injuring her seriously, in Flushing avenue, injuring her seriously, in Flushing avenue, Maspeth, L. I., yesterday afternoon. She had been frightened by an automobile while being driven to a Brooklyn slaughter house by John Molter of 57 Cook street, Brooklyn. He held her by a long rope, but she broke away from him. In trying to recapture the animal Molter was thrown down and received cuts on the face. Two boys were dragged when they seized the rope.

rope.

The cow then ran upon the sidewalk, right into the midst of a crowd of children at play. Nine-year-old Elizabeth Detling of Vernon and Flushing avenues was knocked down. Her left leg was broken.

SAILOR TOTTERMAN MUST DIE. Court of Appeals Confirms Conviction of Sarah Martin's Murderer.

ALBANY, May 2 .- The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed judgment of conviction in the case of Emil Totterman, a sailor who was convicted of murder in the first

degree.
Totterman met a woman named Sarah Martin on the night of Dec. 19, 1903, and the two went to a room in Kelly's hotel, at 11 James slip, New York city. He choked the woman and stabbed her in the abdomen with a clasp knife. The defense did not question the orime, but contended that, as no motive or premeditation was shown, the verdict should have been murder in the second degree.

Excels in Tone "Improves with Use"

Erooklyn, 524 Fulton St. 126 F fth Ave.

GIRL LURED TO BOATHOUSE. Neighborhood Joins Father in Search for Members of Brutal Gang.

While returning from carrying his lunch to her father, who is a teamster employed at 139th street and Third avenue, Lizzie Ziskhen, 14 years old, of 2070 Third avenue, was accosted by a crowd of boys who lured her to the docks under the Madison avenue bridge at 138th street. She has only been home a few days from North Brother Island, where she was in the hospital with scarlet fever, and since her return she has not been quite sound mentally. The boys told her of a wonderful bicycle that they would give her and she gave ready heed to their promises.

Lizzie was accompanied by her little sister Anne, 4 years old, and the child insisted on following, although the boys tried to drive her back. When they reached the docks, the girl was taken into the boathouse of Thomas Tracy, 20 years old of 1988 Park avenue. Little Arne, hearing her sister's screams, ran to the stables where her father is employed and told him thet lizz is was beir g killed.

The father picked the child up in his arms and hurried back to the boathouse meeting on the way Policeman Nevill of the Alexander avenue police station who only been home a few days from North

the Alexander avenue police station who joined him in the hunt. As they neared the boathouse the boys heard their approach and ran Inside the father found his little girl unconscious on the floor.

An ambulance was called and the surgeon said that the child had been cruelly injured.

After being revived, Lizzie was taken to the station house and there she identified Traoy who was found hiding among the lumber piles which line the river near the boothouse. but would recover. humber piles which fine the fiver hear the boathouse. Later, Henry Cummings, 19, of 704 East 136th street and Charles Orlaman, 19, of 563 East 114th street were arrested in the same place and identified by the little girl. The whole neighborhood was arouse

and a large crowd joined the heartbroken father and the police in the hunt for mem-bers of the gang who are still at liberty. NEW SOUTHERN PACIFIC 45. Offered in Redemption of the Two-Five

Year 4 1-2 Per Cents. Holders of two-five year 41/2 per cent. are notified that the company will redeem them at par and accrued interest on June 1, at the office of the company in New York. Interest will cease on the date mentioned.

The company also announces that it has decided to create an issue of \$30,000,000 of two-five year gold bonds, dated June 1, bearing interest at 4 per cent. and redeemable at the option of the company, at par and accrued interest, on June 1, 1907, any appropriate the company of the company of

1907, or any semi-annual interest date thereafter. Holders of the bonds that have been Holders of the bonds that have been called for redemption have the privilege of exchanging them for the new bonds on even terms, plus \$42.50 in cash for each \$1,000 face value of the bonds called for redemption, and with the coupons maturing June 1 and Dec. 1, 1905 attached. At this price the new bonds yield 5.07 per cent. if redeemed at the expiration of two years, If redeemed at the expiration of two years, 4.72 per cent. If redeemed at the expiration of three years, 4.55 per cent. If redeemed at the expiration of four years and 4.45 per cent. upon payment at the end of five

years.
A list of the collateral which will be debosited to secure the 4 per cent. bonds will be furnished upon application to the assistant treasurer of the company.

The offer of exchange is made subject to withdrawal at any time and without

The Jersey City Woman's Club Incorporated The Jersey City Women's Club was incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of \$2,000 to awaken interest, in subjects which especially concern womer to stimulate inquiry into questions of publi significance and to promite efforts toward scial and educational advancement. The incorporators are Mrs. Clara S. Weart, president, and the other officers of the

Court Calendars This Day.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court.—Nos. 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 55, 57, 58, 59, 61, 65, 67, 70, 72.

Supreme Court.—Appellate Term.—Recess. 40, 41, 42, 63, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 55, 57, 58, 50, 61, 65, 67, 70, 72, Supreme Court—Appellate Term.—Recess. Supreme Court—Appellate Term.—Recess. Supreme Court—Appellate Term.—Recess. Supreme Court—Appellate Term.—Part I.—Ex parte matters. Part III.—Clear. Motions. Preferred cause—No. 2008, General cellendar—Nos. 2124, 1575, 1432, 2322, 947, 2276, 2292, 2316, 2320, 2341, 1255, 188, 674, 2119, 1588, 1291, 2193, 1015, 2035, 2012, 1683, 2331, 1972, 2116, 2265, 2319, 2246, 2460, 2460, 2232, 1377, 2217, 7248, 2281, 1220, 2270, 2583, 2666, Divorce calendar called at 10 15 A. M. Part IV.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part III. Part VI.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part III. Part VI.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part III. Part VI.—Case unfinished. Suort Causes—Nos. 4470, 2204, 4197, 2804

ALBANT, N. Y., May 2.—Court of Appeals calcuda r to morrow: Nos. Sec. 207, 218 216, 229, 248, L. 2.



But not everything goeswith us.

Not a thread of cotton goes into any fabric we use, even with wool sky-high and the mercerizing of cotton a fine art.

We've done business on an all-wool basis too long to change

> ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY. Three Broadway StoraL

13th st. 32nd st. | City Hall. Warren st.



Why wait?

Every new thing in Spring and Summer head-gear is ready. Derbies at \$3, \$4 and \$6.

Soft hats from \$3.50 to \$8, of what we believe are the finest makes to be had.

Straw hats, \$2 and more.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores 842 Union Square.

## Browning, King & Co

CLOTHING, FURNISHING, AND HAT

### UNDER COVER.

The common or garden variety of the Rain Coat is the so-called Swagger-a long, loose, serviceable garment. \$15 to \$30.

The Paddock Rain Coat is more presentable in appearance when the sun shines, and just as good when it rains. \$25 to \$38.

Sack Suits that these coats are made to protect from snowers, \$15 to \$30.

"The properbial du k's back," said the prophetic Beau Brummell, "offers a kint to the Ciothur."

Broadway at 32d Street



Cooper Square at 5th Street

CAN'T VISIT HER MOTHER.

Complaint of the Marchioness De Kermel.

a Daughter of Phil Kearny. CAPE MAY, N. J., May 2 .- The Marchioness de Kermel of Paris, after coming all the way from her home in France to see her invalid mother, Mrs. Diana M. Kearny, the widow of Gen. Pbil Kearny of Mexican and civil war fame, has not been allowed, so the Marchioness asserts, to see her aged parent. The mother has been living at the Windsor Hotel for eight months and the Marchioness is staying at the Empire. Mrs. Kearny is being cared for by her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Kearny, and her grand-daughters, the Misses Powell of Washing-

The Marchioness has been in this country for six months. She came over to America at the time of the death of her sister, Mrs. of the dath of the death of her later, his.

Diana Powell, last autumn, and declares that
in all this time she has never been able to
accomplish the object of her visit. She
intends to remain in America until she sees
her mother, or until her mother's death. her mother, or until her mother's death. Some years ago, when the Marchioness was in this country, her nephew, John Kearny, a son of John Watts Kearny, did some acts which were displeasing to his father, and the Marchioness took up his side of the controversy and for a while protected him from efforts which were made to place him under what his father considered were proper restraints.

FURNITURE IN VAN BURNS UP. Only a Spring Bed Was Saved Out of the Entire Load.

The household property of Frank A Willette of Newark was being moved to East Orange yesterday morning when, Bradley, the driver of the second van, felt some warmth behind him and discovered as his back hair began to scorch that his load was all afire. He tried to save some of the furniture while onlookers detached

of the furniture while onlookers detached the frantic horses.

The driver saved a spring bed, but was driven away by the flames before he could get anything else off the burning wagon, which burned down to the running gear. The fire is supposed to have been started by a box of mathes in a bureau drawer.

A quantity of potatoes in a refrigerator were roasted to a turn. The van was a canvas topped one belonging to the Kni-kercanvas topped one belonging to the Kni ker-bocker Storage Warehouse Company of Newark. The Willettes lost about half of their furniture and their whole kitchen and dining room outfit.

Boodling Senator Gets Five Years. San Francisco, May 2 .- Harry Bunkers, the expelled State senator who was convicted of bribery last Saturday, was sentenced to-day to five years in the San Quentin prison. He was chairman of the committee that had charge of the investigation of certhat had charge of the investigation of certain get-rich-quick concerns an i building and loan associations. A plan was formed in San Francisco by the secretary of the Phœnix Loan Associatio to expose the boodling practises of the legislative committee. Through a newspaper correspondent Bunkers and three associates got offers of \$350 each to give immunity to the Phœnix association. Four men accepted money and were paid in marked bills.

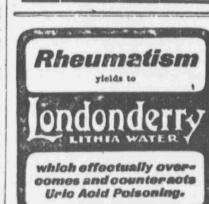
ESTABLISHED NEARLY-HALF-A-CENTURY

FOR the coachman and other stable servants, we have every requisite. Whipcords in Tans

and Grays. Breeches and Long Trousers. Body Coats in Blue. Green, Claret and Black.

Livery Accessories. All are made with absolute precision of detail, and of standard materials.

Subway Station 'ust at one door. ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE



MRS. NETTIE CRAVEN DEAD.

Asserted She Was the Common Law Wife of Senator Fair.

WASHINGTON, Ia., May 1 .- Mrs. Nettie Craven who asserted that she was the common w wife of Senator Fair of California, is dead at the Mourt Pleasart Hospital. She was brought to the hospital recently from Burlington, deranged mentally. Mrs. Craven leaves several sisters and brothers.

## Furniture Made For Country Living

To make a thoroughly good Living Room for the Summertime-that feeling of restfulness and inviting comfort must prevail.

These silent members, the Sofa. the Chair, the Table, are offered here in fitting expression.

Grand Rapids Furniture Company

34th Street, West, Nos. 155-157 "MINUTE FROM BROADWAY."